



Ephesians

and

Colossians

Sundays
Year 2 Book 4

Jr. High School Class
by Charles Willis

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1. God has blessed us with *“every spiritual blessing in the heavenly places in Christ”* (1:3). How do we get *“in Christ”* (Galatians 3:27; Romans 6:3–4)?
2. Define *“predestined”* (1:5) and tell what God predestined about us (1:4–6).
3. What was God’s *“kind intention”* and *“purpose”* (1:9)?
4. What does 1:13–14 teach about how a man is saved?
5. What did Paul pray for the Ephesians (1:15–19)?
6. What did God do to Jesus (1:20–23)?
7. What does it mean that Jesus is *“head over all things to the church”* (1:22)?
8. How is the church *“His body”* (1:23)? Explain. (See also Romans 12:5 and 1 Corinthians 12:12–14.)

1. What is the proper Christian attitude of slave masters (4:1)? [Apply to an employer]
2. What is taught about prayer (4:2–4)?
3. Who are “outsiders” (4:5)? [Compare with Ephesians 1:7.]
4. What is the “wisdom” we are to conduct ourselves with toward outsiders (4:5–6)?
5. How does Paul refer to Tychicus (4:7) and Onesimus (4:9)?
6. For what purpose were they sent to Colossae (4:7–9)?
7. Who are named as being “from the circumcision” (4:10–11)? What does this mean? What did they do for Paul?
8. What was working with Paul who came from Colossae (4:12)? What does Paul testify about him?
9. Who else was traveling with Paul (4:14)? What do we know about them from other passages? [For more information try going to [www. www. blueletterbible.org](http://www.blueletterbible.org) and in the search window type a name, when the new page loads, click on the “dictionary” tab.]
10. Where was the church meeting (4:15)?
11. What did God (through Paul) intend to happen from the letters that were being written (4:16)?

1. What is our condition before God before we are “in Christ” (2:1–3)?
2. What is God’s motivation for making us “alive...with Christ” (2:4–5)?
3. Define “mercy” (2:4), “grace” (2:5), and “faith” (2:8).
4. What is God’s gift (2:8)?
5. What does it mean that “we are His workmanship” (2:10)?
6. Who were the “gentiles” (2:11)? You may need to define the word.
7. What was the state of the Gentiles under the Law of Moses (2:11–12)?
8. How did their status change (2:13)?
9. Define “enmity” (2:15) and “reconcile” (2:16).
10. What was the “enmity” (also called the “dividing wall”) (2:14–15)?
11. What has happened to the “Law of commandments” (2:15–16)?
12. If your Bible has a reference column or helps at the end of the verse, tell what Old Testament passage is quoted in 2:17. Ask your parents if you need help.
13. What is the state of those Gentiles who are now in Christ (2:19)?
14. What is accomplished in Christ (focus on the words “in whom”) (2:20–22).

1. What is the *"mystery of Christ"* (3:1-6)?
2. How did Paul come to understand this mystery (3:3, 5)?
3. List and explain the three things said about the Gentiles who are in Christ (3:6).
 - A.
 - B.
 - C.
4. What was the *"grace"* Paul was given (3:2, 7-9)?
5. What is God's plan for the church (3:10-11)?
6. What is meant that we have *"boldness and confident access through faith in Him"* (3:12)?
7. What was Paul's prayer for the Ephesians (3:14-19)? (try to name three things)
8. Who is to being described in 3:20?
9. What is the *"power that works within us"* (3:20)?
10. How is God glorified?
 - A. In the church (3:21)
 - B. In Christ Jesus (3:21)

1. How are we *"chosen of God"* (3:12)? (See also Ephesians 1:3-4)
2. Describe each aspect of the heart a Christians is to *"put on"* (3:12).
 - A. Compassion
 - B. Kindness
 - C. Humility
 - D. Gentleness
 - E. Patience
3. What are we doing when we *"bear with one another"* (3:13)?
4. Do what degree should we forgive each other (3:13)?
5. What is the most important thing we are to put on (3:14)?
6. What two things are to *"let"* happen in us?
 - A. 3:15
 - B. 3:16
7. Explain how 3:16 points to the use of music in worship without instruments.
8. What is the importance of *"in the name of"* and what bearing does this have on religion (3:17)?
9. What are the God-give proper attitudes of:
 - A. Wives (3:18)
 - B. Husbands (3:19)
 - C. Children (3:20)
 - D. Fathers (3:21)
 - E. Slaves (3:22-25) [Apply this to the employee/employer relationship.]
10. *"Whatever you do, do your work heartily."* What should be the Christian outlook on life? Even as younger people in the Lord?

1. In what areas are men not be our judge (2:16–17)? Why (see the greater context of 2:13–17)?
2. How can a man be defrauded of his prize (2:18)? What does this mean? What do some do to defraud others (2:18)?
3. How do we keep from being defrauded of our prize (2:19)?
4. How dos the body grow (2:19)?
5. When and how do we die with Christ (2:20)?
6. What things are we to not submit to (2:20–22)?
7. Define/describe these things that are of no spiritual value (2:23):
 - A. Self-made religion
 - B. Self-abasement
 - C. Severe treatment of the body
8. What are those who have been “*raised up with Christ*” supposed to be doing (3:1–2)?
9. Explain 3:3.
10. Use a Bible dictionary to define the following words in 3:5.
 - A. Immorality
 - B. Impurity
 - C. Passion
 - D. Evil Desire
 - E. Greed
11. What are believers supposed to “*put...aside*” (3:8–9)?
12. What do you understand this phrase to mean: “*renewed to a true knowledge*” (3:10)?
13. “*Christ is all, and in all*” (3:11). What does this have to do with us showing no distinctions?

1. What does this phrase mean to you: “*walk in a manner worthy of the calling*” (4:1)?
2. Who is the “*one another*” mentioned in 4:2? What is to be our behavior toward them (4:2–3)?
3. List the seven truths which we are to be united on (4:4–6). For each truth try to explain what is meant.
 - A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
 - F.
 - G.
 - H.
4. What Old Testament passage is quoted in 4:8? (Use references in your Bible.) Who is the “*He*” in 4:8 (This is explained in 4:9–10.)
5. What gifts have been given to men (4:11)? Be sure you know the difference in each one of them.
6. Why were these gifts given (4:12–13)?
7. What is the danger in remaining a child in our understanding of God’s mystery (4:14)?
8. In what ways are we to “*grow up,*” and how do we grow up “*into Him*” (4:15)?
9. What is “*the body*” (4:16; 1:22–23)?
10. How does the body cause itself to grow (4:16)?

1. Who is meant by the word “Gentiles” (4:17)?
2. Why did the Gentile’s walk exclude them the life of God (4:17–19)?
3. To “learn Christ” is to have been “taught in Him” (4:21–21). Christians are to “walk no longer just as the Gentiles also walk” (4:17). 4:22–24 is about how the Christian is to walk.
 - A. How do we “lay aside” the old self (4:22)
 - B. How do we become “renewed in the spirit of your mind” (4:23)
 - C. How do we “put on the new self” (4:24)?
4. Why do we speak truth to one another (4:15)?
5. What is the great danger in being angry (4:16–17)? How do we guard ourselves from this danger?
6. What should be our attitude about why we work at a job (4:28)?
7. Define “unwholesome” (4:29). What kind of words are we supposed to use (4:29)?
8. Try to explain what is meant in 4:30 by our being “sealed” by the Holy Spirit. You may need to discuss this with your parents.
9. How would we “grieve the Holy Spirit” (4:30)?
10. Define each of the words in 4:31 that we are to put away.
 - A. Bitterness
 - B. Wrath
 - C. Anger
 - D. Clamor
 - E. Slander
 - F. Malice
11. What is the proper attitude we are to put on (4:31)?

1. What “body” does Paul refer to (1:24)? Why does he rejoice in sufferings? (1:24)?
2. Define “stewardship” (1:25). What was Paul’s stewardship given to him by God?
3. What is the mystery which God has manifested (1:26–27)?
4. Define “admonishing” (or “admonish”) (1:28). What was Paul admonishing?
5. What power worked mightily in Paul (1:29)?
6. What did Paul want those who had not seen him to know (2:1–4)?
7. What does it mean to “walk in Him (Christ)” (1:6–7)?
8. What does it mean to be taken “captive” (2:8)? How are some taken captive (2:8)?
9. Explain 2:9.
10. How are we made “complete” “in Him” (2:10)?
11. How is the body of flesh removed in Christ (2:11)?
12. What is taught as happening in baptism (2:12)?
13. How are we made alive together with Him (2:13–14)?
14. Explain the meaning of the imagery in 2:15.

1. What was Paul giving thanks for about the Colossians (1:3–5)?
2. The gospel bears *“fruit and increasing”* (1:6). What does this refer to?
3. Where did the Colossians learn the truth (1:6–8)?
4. When Paul heard of their faith, what was he praying for them (1:9)?
5. What results did Paul expect from their increase in knowledge and understanding (1:10–12)?
6. What is the *“domain of darkness”* and the *“kingdom”* (1:13)?
7. Define *“redemption”* (1:14).
8. How is Jesus the *“firstborn of all creation”* (1:15)?
9. What truths are made about Jesus:
 - A. 1:16–17
 - B. 1:18
 - C. 1:19–20
10. What is our state away from Christ (1:21)?
11. Define *“reconciled”* (1:22). What was the purpose of Christ reconciling us (1:22)?
12. How do we remain holy and blameless (1:23)?

1. As God’s children, how are we to imitate the Father (5:1–2)?
2. What is meant by *“must not be named among you”* (5:3)?
3. Tell what is meant by each part of speech mentioned (5:4).
 4. A. Filthiness
 5. B. Silly talk
 6. C. Coarse jesting
 7. D. Giving of thanks
8. Why can we not participate in the sinful things in 5:3–4? (see 5:5–7)
9. Explain what is meant by *“walk as children of Light”* (5:8).
10. What is the *“fruit”* of the Light (5:9)?
11. What is the proper attitude of a child of Light (5:10)? How is this accomplished?
12. How do you *“expose”* the unfruitful deeds of darkness (5:11–13)?
13. What is the *“careful”* walk of the Christian (5:15–17)?
14. Define *“dissipation”* and with that definition explain 5:18.
15. From 5:19 tell why we do not use instruments of music in our worship assemblies.
16. Why do we need prayers with *“in Jesus name”* (5:20)? Must we use this phrase?
17. What does it mean to be *“subject to one another”* (5:21)?

1. In marriage, what is the attitude of the wife supposed to be (5:22–24, 33)?
2. In marriage, what is the attitude of the husband supposed to be (5:25, 28–29, 33)?
3. What is taught about Christ and the church?
4. A. 5:23
5. B. 5:25
6. C. How has the church been sanctified (5:26–27)?
7. D. 5:29–30
8. What Old Testament passage is quoted in 5:31? When a man and a woman marry, how does this effect the relationship with parents (5:31)?
9. What Old Testament passage is quoted in 6:2–3?
10. Why is it “*right*” for children to obey their parents (6:1)? How does “*in the Lord*” effect this understanding?
11. Does 6:4 forbid your father from ever making you angry?
12. What is the father’s God given responsibility (6:4)?
13. We do not live as slaves and slave-owners but, from the teaching in 6:5–9, tell what should be our attitudes and behaviors as an employee, and as an employer.

1. How are we “*strong in the Lord*” (6:10)?
2. What is the purpose of the gospel armour (6:11, 13)?
3. Who is our spiritual struggle against (6:12)?
4. What is meant by the phrase “*stand firm*” (6:13)?
5. For each piece of armor, explain what it represents and what it does for us.
 - A. Girded with truth (6:14)
 - B. Breastplate of righteousness (6:14)
 - C. Feet shod with preparation of the gospel (6:15)
 - D. Shield of faith (6:16)
 - E. Helmet of salvation (6:16)
 - F. Sword of the spirit (6:17)
6. For whom are we to pray (6:18–19)? How are we to be “*on the alert*” in this (6:18)?
7. How was Paul an “*ambassador in chains*” (6:20)?
8. Why did Paul send Tychicus to Ephesus (6:21–22)?
9. What is “*incorruptible love*” (6:24)?