

"I Am" Statements of Jesus and Paul

Written by Charles Willis



"For I am not ashamed of the gospel, for it is the power of God for salvation to everyone who believes, to the Jew first and also to the Greek" (Romans 1:16).
1. How does Paul demonstrate he is not ashamed of the gospel? A. Acts 17:22–34
B. Acts 20:27
C. Gal. 6:14
2. How is the gospel the power of salvation? A. 1 Corinthians 15:1–2
B. Ephesians 1:13–14
C. 1 Thessalonaisn 2:13
D. Romans 10:14–15
E. 1 Corinthians 1:21–24
3. What does Paul teach about being ashamed of the gospel? A. 2 Tim. 1:8, 12
B. 1 Cor. 4:13
4. Define "disappointed" in Rom. 5:5 and 10:11. What is being taught in these passages?
5. What does Jesus say in Mark 8:38? How does this relate to Hebrews 11:16?
6. Why are some ashamed of the gospel? A. 1 Pet. 4:16
B. 2 Corinthians 4:1–6
C. Luke 12:51-53
D. John 15:18–21
E. 1 Thessalonians 5:22

"So, for my part, I am eager to preach the gospel to you also who are in Rome" (Romans 1:15).

1. Define "eager" (NASB), "ready" (King James).

2. How does Paul demonstrate his eagerness/readiness? A. Acts 9:19–22

B. Acts 16:9-12

C. Acts 16:26-34

D. 2 Corinthians 12:14

- 3. What can we learn about Paul's attitude in that he remained eager/ready even though rejected by many? (Acts 24:24-25; 26:27-29)
- 4. What can we do to become eager/ready to preach the gospel? A. 1 Peter 3:15; 2 Timothy 2:15

B. 2 Peter 3:18

C. Colossians 4:5

D. Colossians 4:3; 1 Corinthians 16:9; 2 Corinthians 2:12

5. What helps us to remain eager/ready to preach the gospel? A. Luke 10:16

B. Galatians 6:9

"I Am" Statements

of Jesus and Paul

Jesus

- 1. I Am The Bread of Life
- 2. I Am The Light of the World
- 3. I Am The Door Of The Sheep
- 4. I Am The Good Shepherd
- 5. I Am The Resurrection And The Life
- 6. You Call Me Teacher And Lord, For So I Am
- 7. I Am The Way, Truth, Life
- 8. I Am The Vine
- 9. I Am He

Paul

10. I Am Under Obligation

11.I Am Eager

12.I Am Not Ashamed

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I AM" The Bread Of Life

"I am the bread of life; the one who comes to Me will not be hungry, and the one who believes in Me will never be thirsty" (John 6:35).

- 1. READ John 6:30-65
 - A. Explain Jesus' comparison of manna and Jesus.
 - B. Explain the phrase *"he who comes to Me will not hunger"* (6:35, see also verses 37, 40, and 44–45). How do we come to Him?
 - C. What does Jesus mean in saying He is the *"bread of life"* (John 6:35, 48, 51)?
 - D. How is John 6:60–65 an explanation of the *"bread of life"* statements? What is Jesus teaching?
- 2. What other language can be seen that realtes to Jesus being the *"bread of life"*?A. Psalm 54:4; Psalm 55:22
 - B. Matthew 6:33
 - C. Matthew 26:26; Mark 14:22
- 3. What does Jesus mean when He says we shall never hunger or thirst, and how is this related to belief (John 6:35)?A. Matthew 5:6; Psalm 42:1; Psalm 63:1
 - B. John 7:37–39; John 4:14
 - C. Revelation 21:6, 17

"I AM" Under Obligation

- "I am under obligation both to Greeks and to the uncultured, both to the wise and to the foolish" (Romans 1:14).
- 1. Define "obligation" (King James has "debtor").
- 2. What had God done for Paul that would cause him to say he was under obligation (1 Timothy 1:12–17)?
- 3. Why does Paul say he was under "compulsion" (1 Corinthians 9:16–19)?
- 4. What does he mean by a "stewardship" in 1 Corinthians 9:17? (See also 1 Corinthians 4:1–2; Ephesians 3:2; Colossians 1:25.)
- 5. Why was Paul obligated to "Greeks and to the uncultured, both to the wise and to the foolish" (Rom. 1:14)?A. Acts 26:16–18
 - B. Romans 1:5; 11:13; Galatians 2:8; 1 Timothy 2:7
 - C. Romans 14:15-20
- 5. Was Paul concerned about teaching the Jews? A. Romans 10:1; 1 Corinthians 9:20
 - B. Romans 1:16; 2:10
 - C. Rom. 11:13–14
 - D. Acts 19:8
- 6. What has God done for us that would cause us to say we are under obligation?
- 7. What is our stewardship from God (2 Corinthians 4:7)?

"I AM" I Am He

- "Whom are you seeking?" They answered Him, "Jesus the Nazarene." He said to them, "I am He." "(John 18:4–5).
- 1. What is important about Jesus saying *"before Abraham was born, I am"* (John 8:58; see also Exodus 3:13–14)?
- 2. *"But who do you say that I am?"* How does Peter answer this in Matthew 16:13–17?
- 3. Review each context and identify what Jesus is asserting about Himself. A. John 4:26
 - B. Luke 22:70
 - C. John 13:13-19
 - D. Mark 14:61–62
- 4. How will people know "*I am He*"? A. John 8:23–28
 - B. John 10:31–38
 - C. How did this prove who He was? > Romans 1:3–4
 - > Ephesians 1:20–23
 - > Acts 17:30-31
- 5. How does this truth impact our lives? A. 1 Peter 1:3
 - A. 1 Peter 1:3
 - B. 1 Corinthians 15:20
 - C. Romans 8:11
 - D. 1 Corinthians 6:14
 - E. Romans 6:5
 - F. 1 Corinthians 15:12–19 (restate in positives)
 - G. 1 Corinthians 15:57

"I AM" The Light Of The World

- "I am the Light of the world; the one who follows Me will not walk in the darkness, but will have the Light of life" (John 8:12). 1. How is Jesus the "light of the world"? A. John 1:4-9; 9:5; 12:35-36, 46 B. Matthew 4:12-17 C. 2 Corinthians 4:6 D. Acts 26:23 2. What does Simeon say by revelation about the infant Jesus (Luke 2:32, quoting Isaiah 49:6)? [See Acts 26:18; 2 Corinthians 4:6] 3. How are Christians a "light in the world" (Matthew 5:14)? A. What more can be learned from Philippians 2:15? B. Explain the imagery of darkness and light (1 Peter 2:9; Ephesians 5:8) C. Read 1 Thessalonians 5:5. How are we "sons of light" (Colossians 1:12)? What is meant by "we are not of night nor of darkness"? D. What are we to lay aside, and what are we to put on (Romans 13:12; 1 Thessalonians 5:6; Ephesians 5:8–12)? E. What is the *"armor of light"* (Romans 13:12;
 - 1 Thessalonians 5:8)?

"I AM" The Door Of The Sheep

1	
	"Truly, truly I say to you, I am the door of the sheepI am the door" (John 10:7–9).
1.	Describe a literal <i>"door of the sheep"</i> (John 10:7) also called the <i>"doorkeeper"</i> (10:3).
2.	Jesus is the door. A. What is figuratively meant by this phrase?
	B. How is this more literally phrased? > John 14:6
	> Acts 4:12
	> Romans 5:2
	> Ephesians 2:18
3.	How do we <i>"enter through"</i> Jesus (John 10:9)? A. Romans 6:3–4; Galatians 3:27
	B. John 3:3, 5
	C. Acts 2:38; 8:26; 10:48; 19:5
	D. 1 Corinthians 6:11
	E. Matthew 28:18–20
4.	What is the result of entering through Jesus? A. John 10:9, 10
	B. Romans 5:11; 8:1
	C. Ephesians 1:3, 7
5.	What is the result of trying to enter another way (John 10:1, 10)? Who is this describing?
6.	How does John 10:7–9 compare with Matthew 7:13–14?
7.	How is the figurative phrase "I am the door" reversed in Revelation

3:20?

"I AM" The Vine

"I am the vine, you are the branches; the one who remains in Me, and I in him bears much fruit, for apart from Me you can do nothing" (John 15:5).	
1. What is Jesus saying different by saying " <i>I am the vine</i> " (15:5) and " <i>I am the true vine</i> " (15:1)?	
 2. What importance does Jesus emphasize about bearing fruit (51:2, 8)? A. How does bearing fruit prove we are His disciples (15:8)? > Matthew 12:33 	
> Luke 8:15	
> Colossians 1:9–11	
B. How does a believer become unfruitful? > Matt. 7:21	
> Mark 4:13–19	
> Hebrews 12:3	
C. How is God glorified by our bearing fruit (15:8)?	
 D. How does God prune us to bear more fruit (15:2)? How does this relate to the disciples already being <i>"clean"</i> (15:3)? > Consider Matthew 18:9; Colossians 3:5–8 > Matthew 18:15–17 	
 3. How do we abide in Jesus (15:4–5, 10)? A. 1 John 2:24, 27 B. How do we abide in His love (15:9)? > Jude 21 > 2 John 1:9 	
> 2 John 1.9	
4. How does Jesus abide in us (15:4, 7; 1 John 2:6)?	
5. What is the consequence of not abiding in Jesus (15:2, 6; 1 John 2:28)	
6. How does the teaching about the vine relate to joy (15:11)?	

I AM" The Way, The Truth, The Life

"I am the way, and the truth, and the life; no one comes to the Father except through Me" (John 14:6).

The Way

- 1. How does Jesus' statement in John 14:6 compare with John 10:7 (discussed in lesson 3)?
- 2. What were Jesus' disciples called? (Acts 9:2;19:23; 22:4)
- 3. What does "The Way" refer to in Acts 19:9 and 24:22?
- 4. How does the "Way" apply to "*no one comes to the Father except through Me*"?

The Truth

- 5. From John 1:17 discuss how grace and truth were realized through Jesus Christ. Include consideration of Matthew 5–7 where Jesus says repeatedly *"you have heard that it was said…but I say to you."*
- 6. How is Jesus named in Revelation 19:11?
- 7. How does the "Truth" apply to "*no one comes to the Father except through Me*"?

The Life

- How is Jesus the life (1 John 1:1-2; 5:11-12, 20)
 A. John 6:68
 - B. Hebrews 2:10; 12:2
 - C. Acts 3:15; Is. 9:6
 - D. Ephesians 1:3
 - E. Galatians 3:13; Revelation 5:9; Acts 20:28
 - F. John 3:36; Romans 6:23 (do these verses contradict?)
- 9. How does Colossians 3:4 refer to Jesus? Explain.
- 10. How does the "Life" apply to "*no one comes to the Father except through Me*"?

"I AM" The Good Shepherd

"I am the good shepherd; the good shepherd lays down His life for the sheep" (John 10:11).

How was Jesus "concerned" about the sheep (John 10:13–14)?
 A. 1 Timothy 1:15

B. Hebrews 2:14-17

C. Luke 19:10

- Why did Jesus lay down His life for the sheep?
 A. 1 John 3:16
 - B. Philippians 2:8–9
 - C. Mark 10:45
 - D. Ephesians 5:2
 - E. Galatians 2:20
- 3. Who were the other sheep not of this fold (John 10:16)? Provide Scriptural evidence.
- 4. Explain John 10:17
- 5. What implications can be seen from Jesus' statement in John 10:18?

"I AM" The Resurrection And The Life

"I am the resurrection and the life; the one who believes in Me will live, even if he dies, and everyone who lives and believes in Me will never die" (John 11:25–26).

- 1. How is this a statement of Jesus' deity? (Consider John 5:21, 26; Genesis 2:7; Deuteronomy 32:39; 1 Kings 17:22; 2 Kings 4:32-35)
- 2. What does Jesus say will happen because He is the resurrection and the life (John 5:27–28)?
- 3. How did Jesus demonstrate this truth (John 11:43 ; Matthew 9:25; Luke 7:14)?
- While Jesus is the resurrection and life literally, how is this phrase also accurate spiritually? A. John 11:26
 - B. John 20:31
 - C. John 1:4; John 14:6
 - D. John 6:40
 - E. Romans 5:17
 - F. Romans 6:23
 - G. Romans 8:2
 - H. 2 Timothy 1:1
- 5. What truths in Romans 6:3–11 relate to Jesus being the resurrection and life?
- 6. What assurance do we get from Jesus being the resurrection and the life (1 Corinthians 15:20–22, 42-44)?

I AM" Teacher And Lord, For So I Am

"You call Me 'Teacher' and 'Lord'; and you are correct, for so I am" (John 13:13).

Define "Teacher" (John 13:13).

1. What is the Hebrew word for Teacher (John 1:38)?

2. As our teacher, what do we learn by example?
A. John 13:14–15
B. Matthew 11:29
C. Philippians 2:5
D. 1 Peter 2:21
E. 1 John 2:6
F. Matthew 16:24
G. Luke 11:1–4; Matthew 6:9-13

3. As our teacher, what do we learn from Him about teaching others?
A. John 4:7–26
B. Matthew 7:28-29
C. Matthew 13:34
D. Matthew 16:13, 26

Define "Lord" (John 13:13).

- 4. What does it mean that Jesus is *"Lord and Christ"* (Acts 2:36)? (see also 1 Thessalonians 4:2; 2 Thessalonians 3:6, 12)
- 5. How do these verses refer to Jesus? A. Jude 1:4 B. Matthew 23:8, 10 C. Ephesians 4:5 D. Acts 10:36
- 6. What are we to confess (Romans 10:9)?

7. How does this apply to baptism (Acts 8:16; 19:5; Matthew 28:18-20)

8. What will be the result for those who do not obey the Lord (John 12:48; 2 Thess. 1:8–9)?